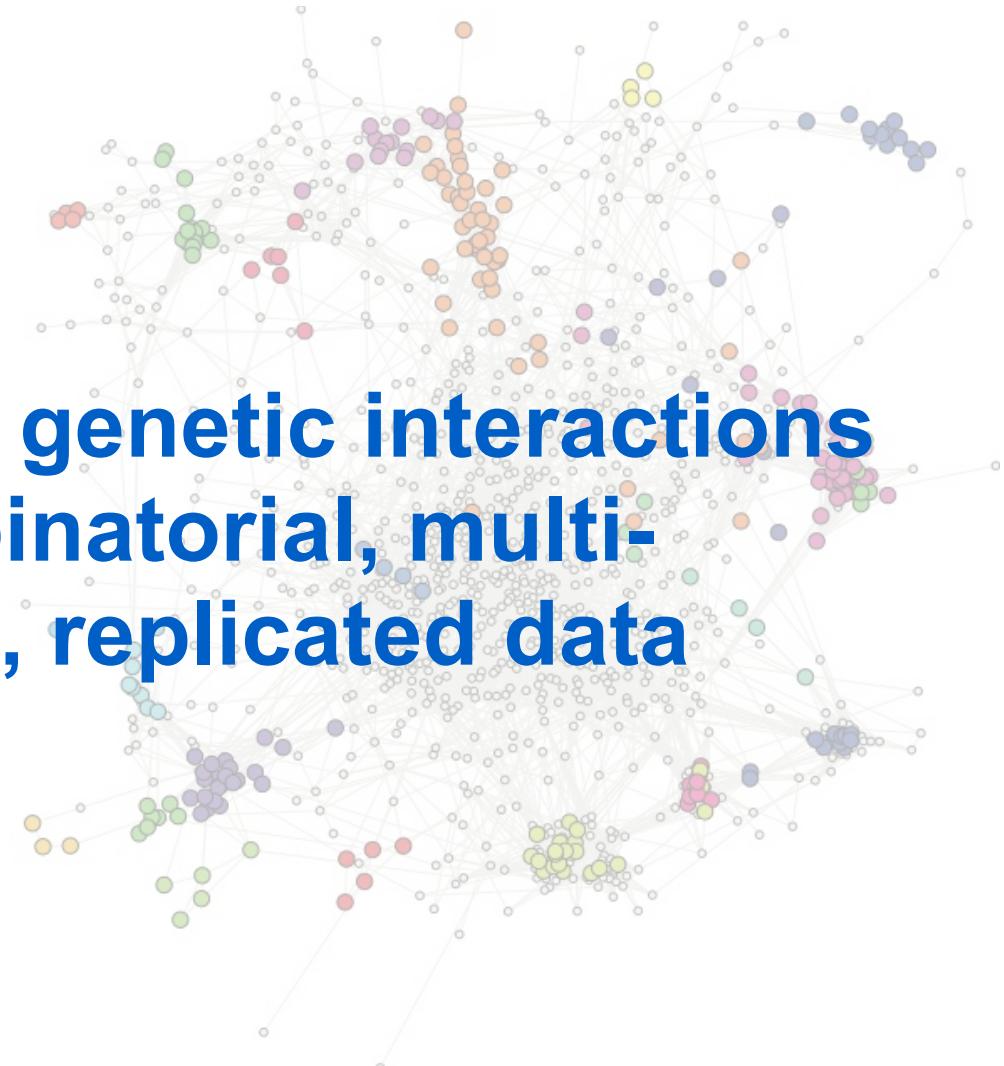


Inferring directional genetic interactions from combinatorial, multi- parametric, replicated data

Bernd Fischer

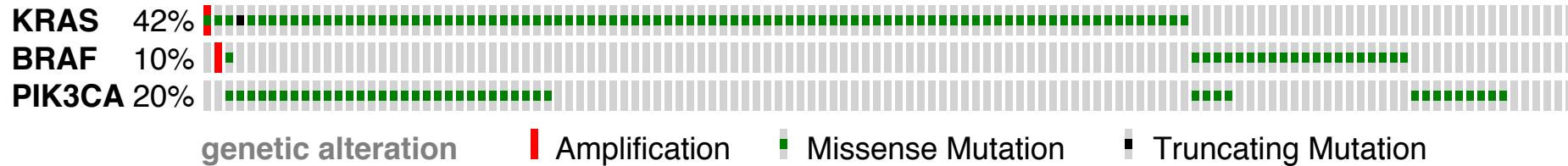


dkfz.

GERMAN
CANCER RESEARCH CENTER
IN THE HELMHOLTZ ASSOCIATION

50 Years – Research for
A Life Without Cancer

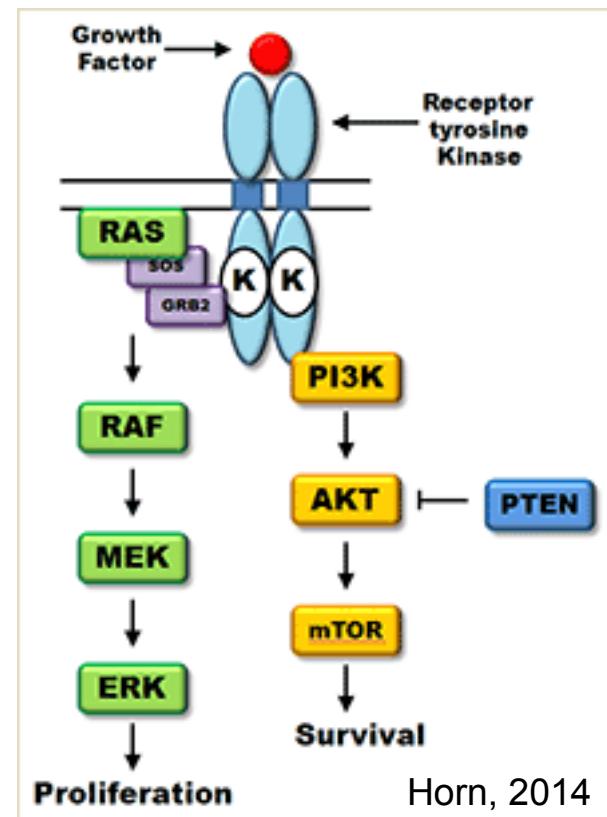
Mutual exclusivity / co-occurrence



Colorectal Adenocarcinoma (TCGA, Nature 2012)

KRAS-BRAF: mutational exclusive
odds-ratio: 0.22, p < 0.001 (Fisher's exact test)

KRAS-PIK3CA: co-occurred
odds-ratio: 2.70, p < 0.001 (Fisher's exact test)



Horn, 2014

Statistical Power!

Assume two genes are mutually exclusive
odds-ratio: 1/4; each gene mutated in 3% of cases

How many samples to obtain a p-value of 0.01?

9924 samples with Fisher's exact test
multiple testing not yet considered!!!

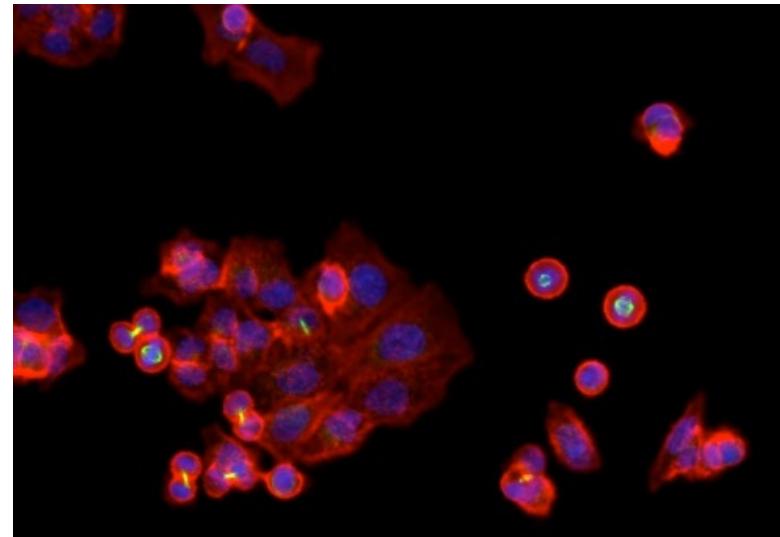
**What is the order of the genes
in the pathway?**

Systematic mapping of multivariate genetic interactions via RNAi

all pairwise knock-downs of

1367 genes x 72 genes

image-based readout

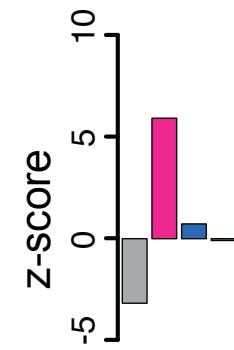
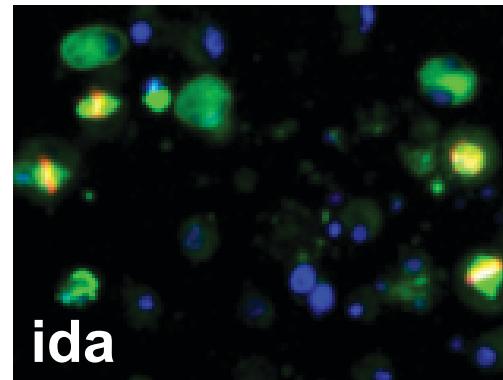
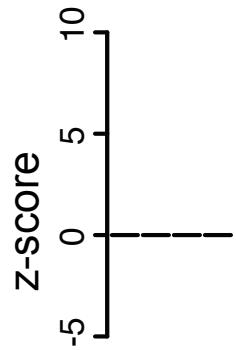
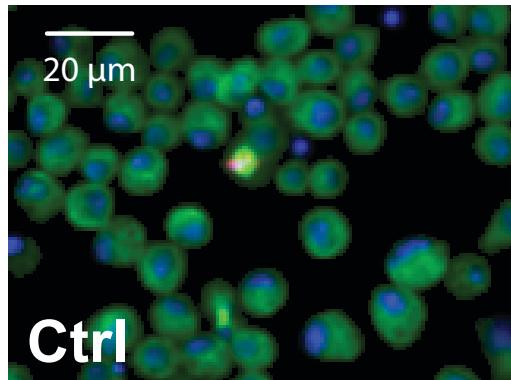


Interventions

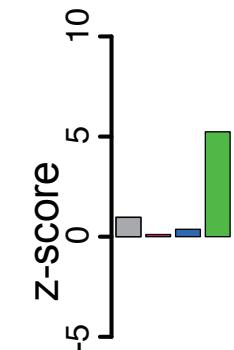
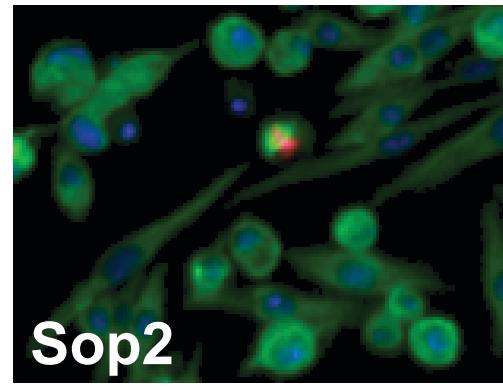
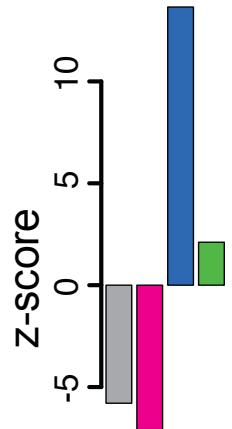
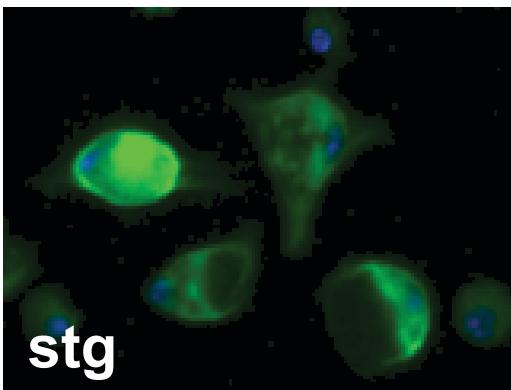
Phenotypes

with Michael Boutros, DKFZ
Fischer*, Sandmann*, Horn*, Billmann*, eLife, 2015 (Directional Interactions)
Horn*, Sandmann*, Fischer*, Nat. Methods, 2011

Single knock down phenotypes

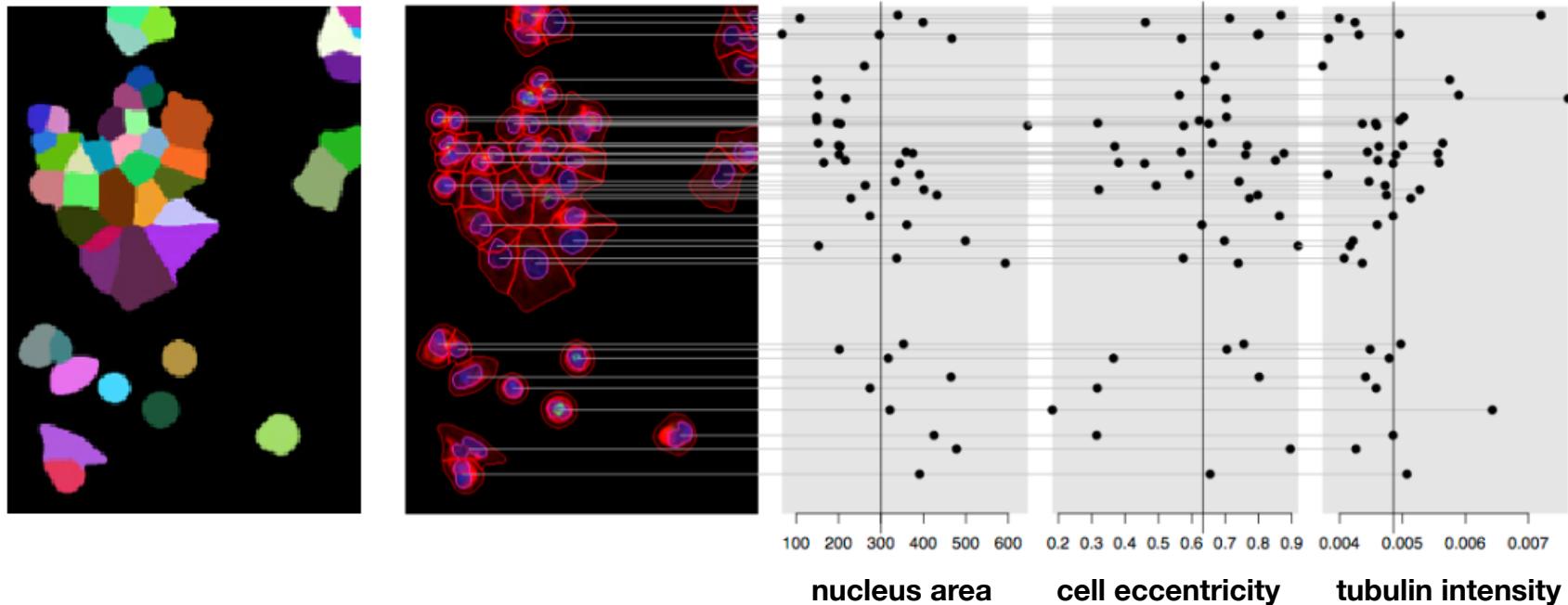


ida is member of the APC



- number cells
- mitotic index
- nuclear area
- eccentricity

Image segmentation and feature extraction



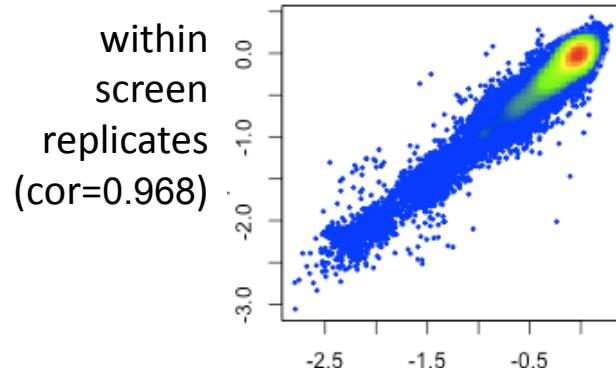
- features: number cells, ratio of mitotic cells, local cell density, radius, area, shape, texture (Haralick)
- **21 non-redundant features selected**



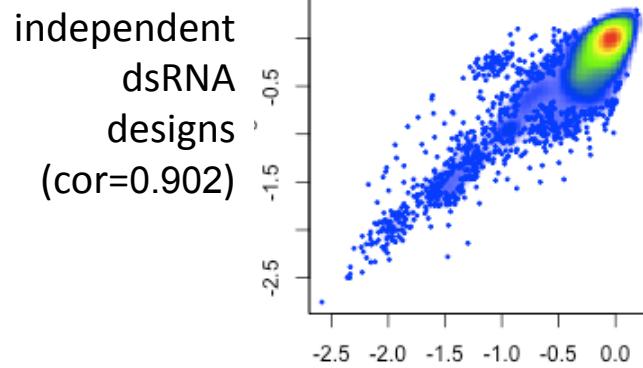
packages EBImage / imageHTS / rhdf5

(Laufer*, Fischer*, Nat. Methods, 2013)

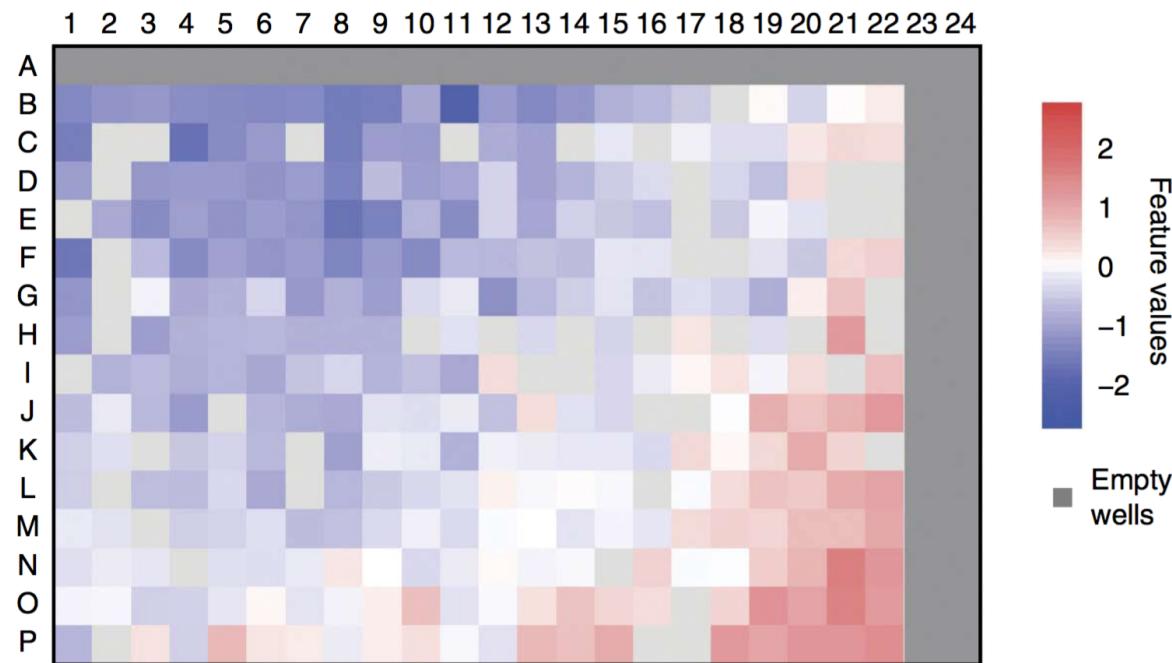
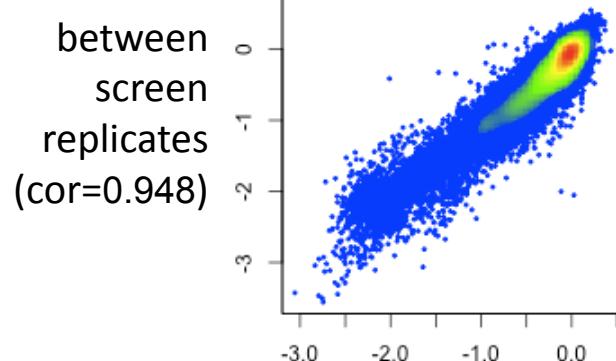
Quality control and normalization



Quality control:
Filter irreproducible data (irreproducible features, off-target effects)



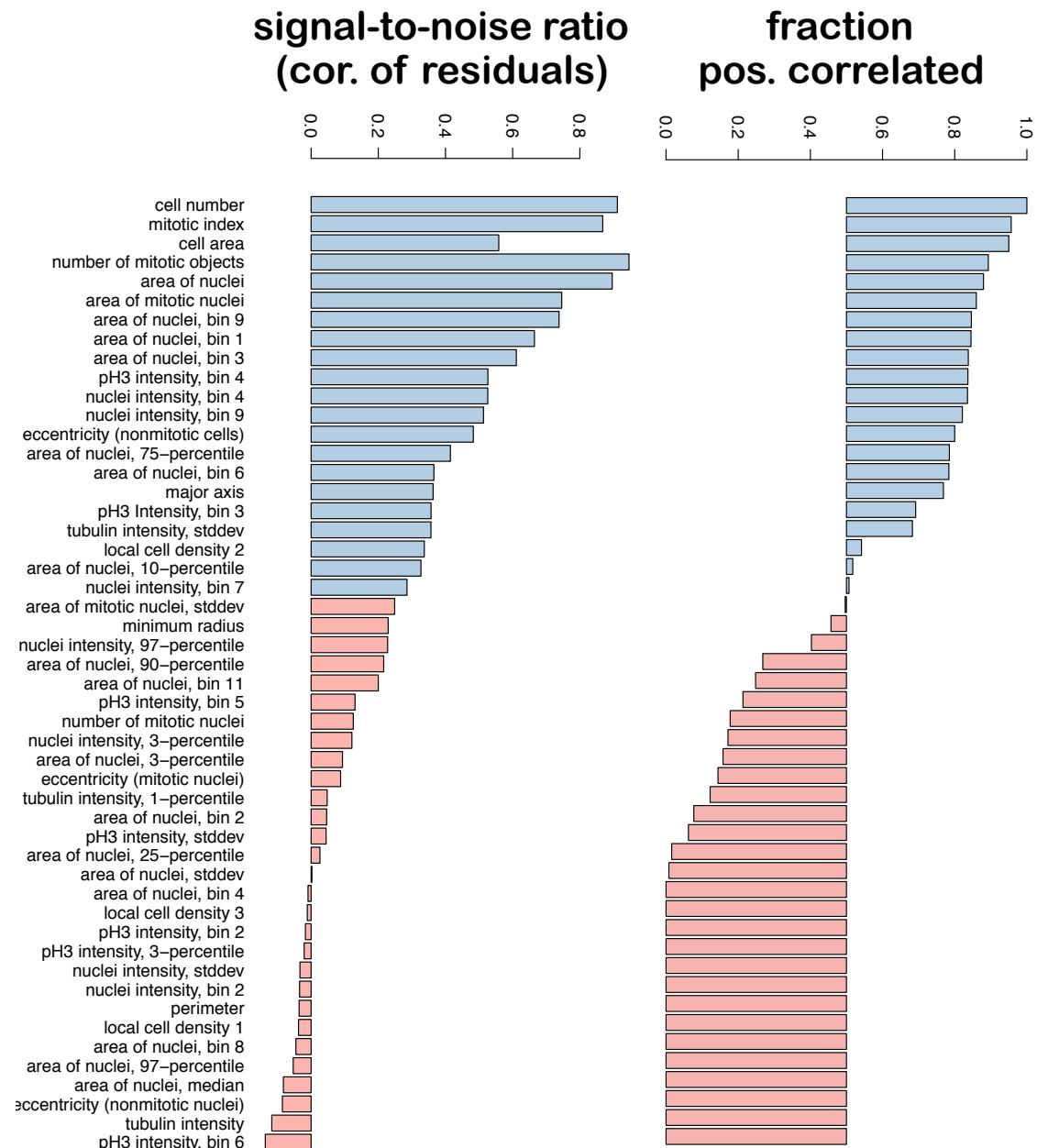
Normalize for known technical artefacts:
spatial effects, time effects, ...



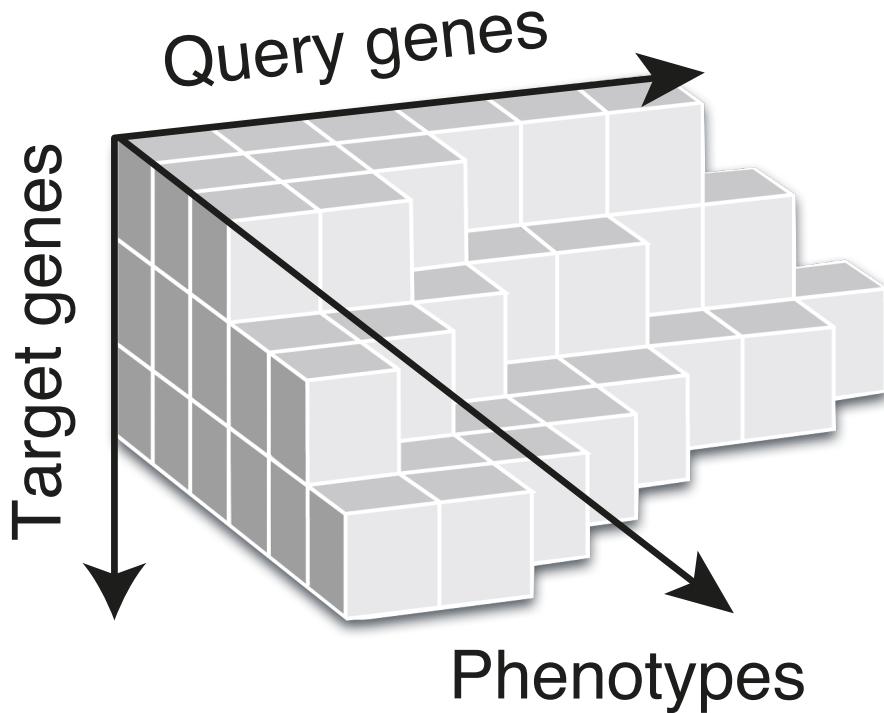
21 non-redundant features

Selection procedure:

- Fit a linear model for each feature as a function of the previously selected features
- Select the feature among all remaining ones with **highest correlation of residuals between replicates**
- Stop criterium:
equal proportion of pos. and neg. residual correlations



Raw data cube



1293 target genes

x 72 query genes

x 21 feature

(statistical) genetic interactions

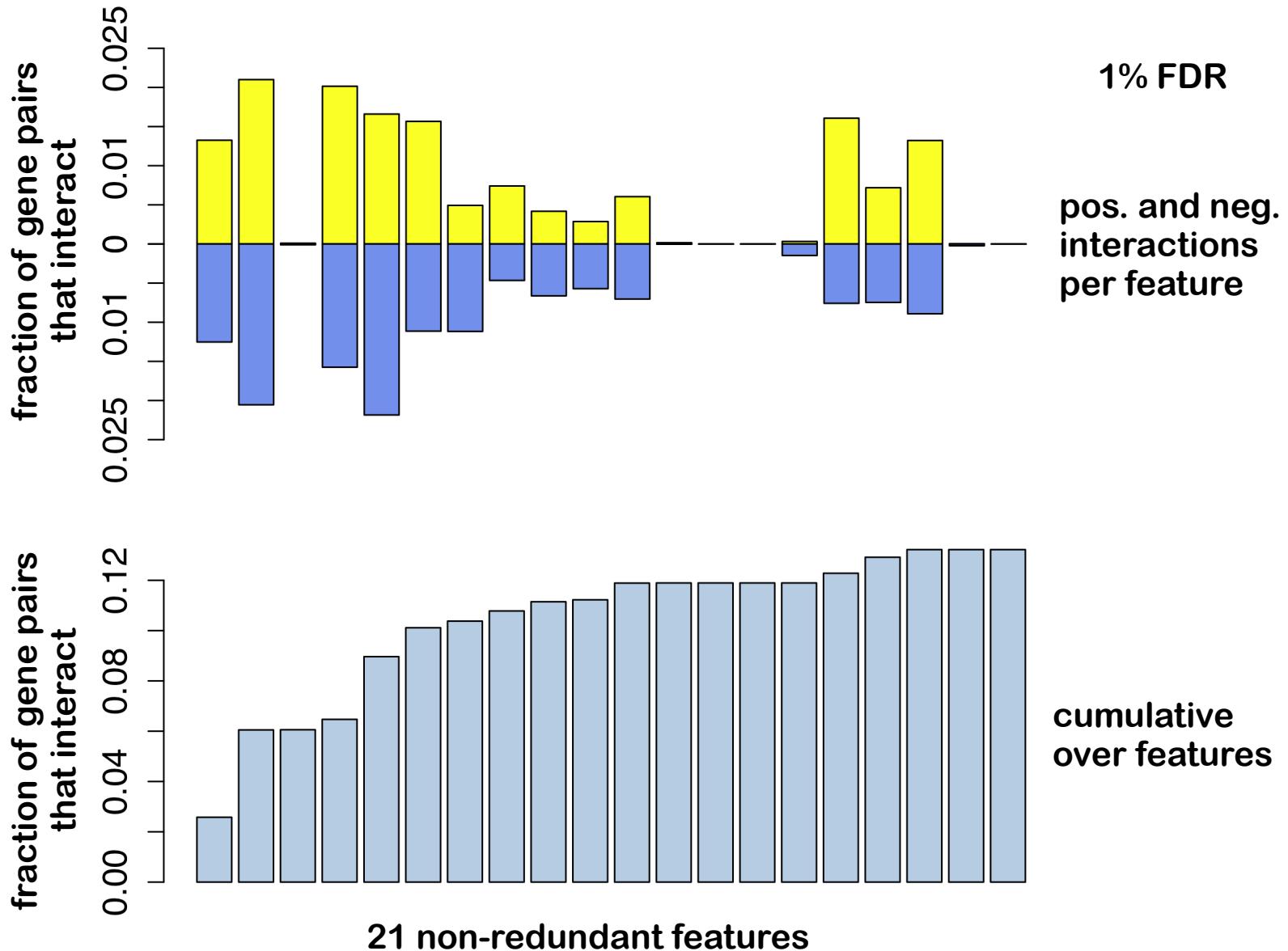
- For many phenotypes, the main effects (single gene) are multiplicative for non interacting genes i, j: $d_{ij} = \varpi \cdot \mu_i \cdot \mu_j$ R.A. Fisher, 1918
 - Additive on logarithmic scale

- Estimation of main effects (assume that interactions are rare)

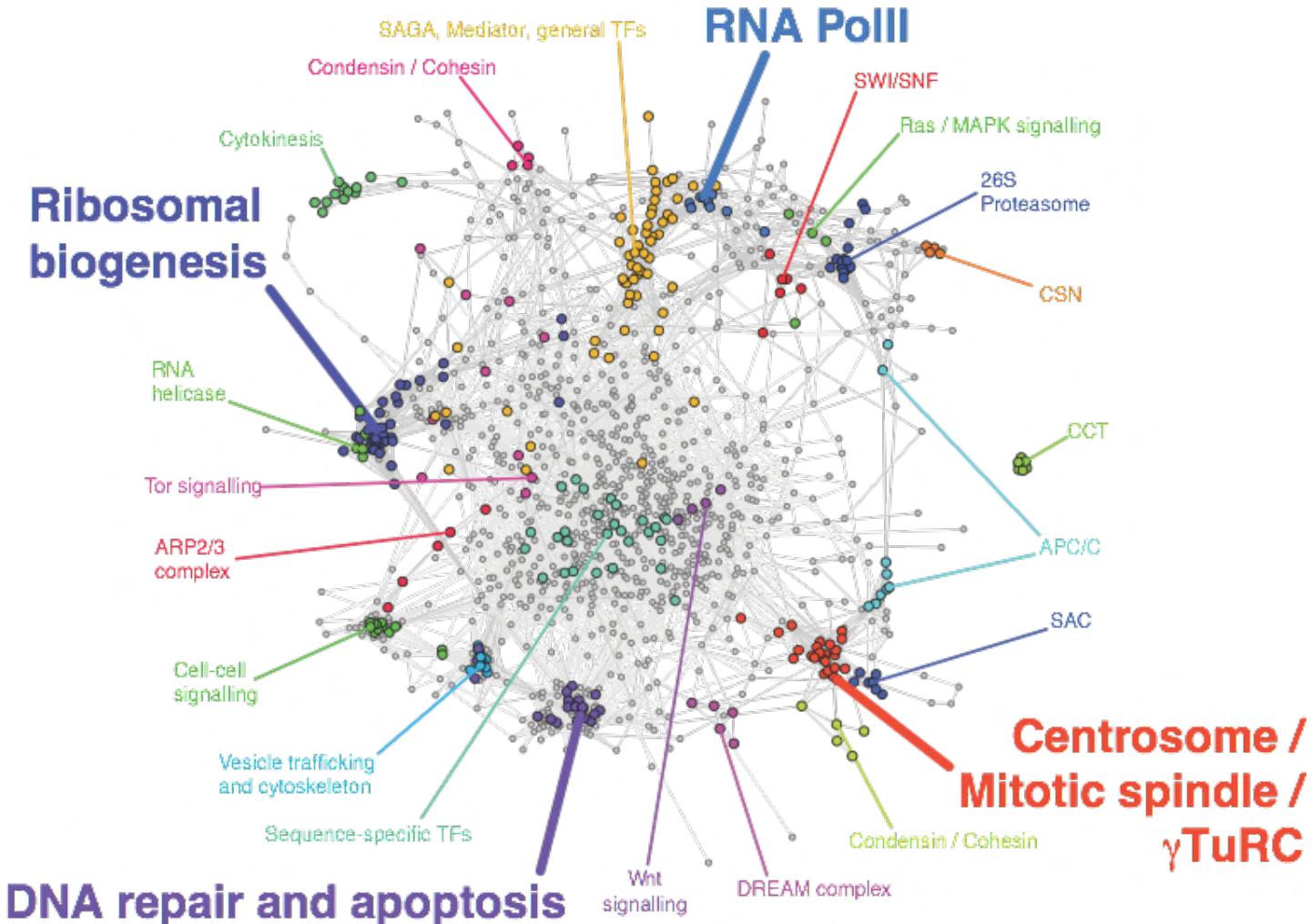
$$(\hat{m}, \hat{m}') = \arg \min_{m, m'} \sum_{i, j} \left\| \log d_{ij} - w - m_i - m_j \right\|_1^1$$

- Detect Genetic Interactions: Compare $\log d_{ijk}$ to $w - \hat{m}_i - \hat{m}_j$ (t-test)

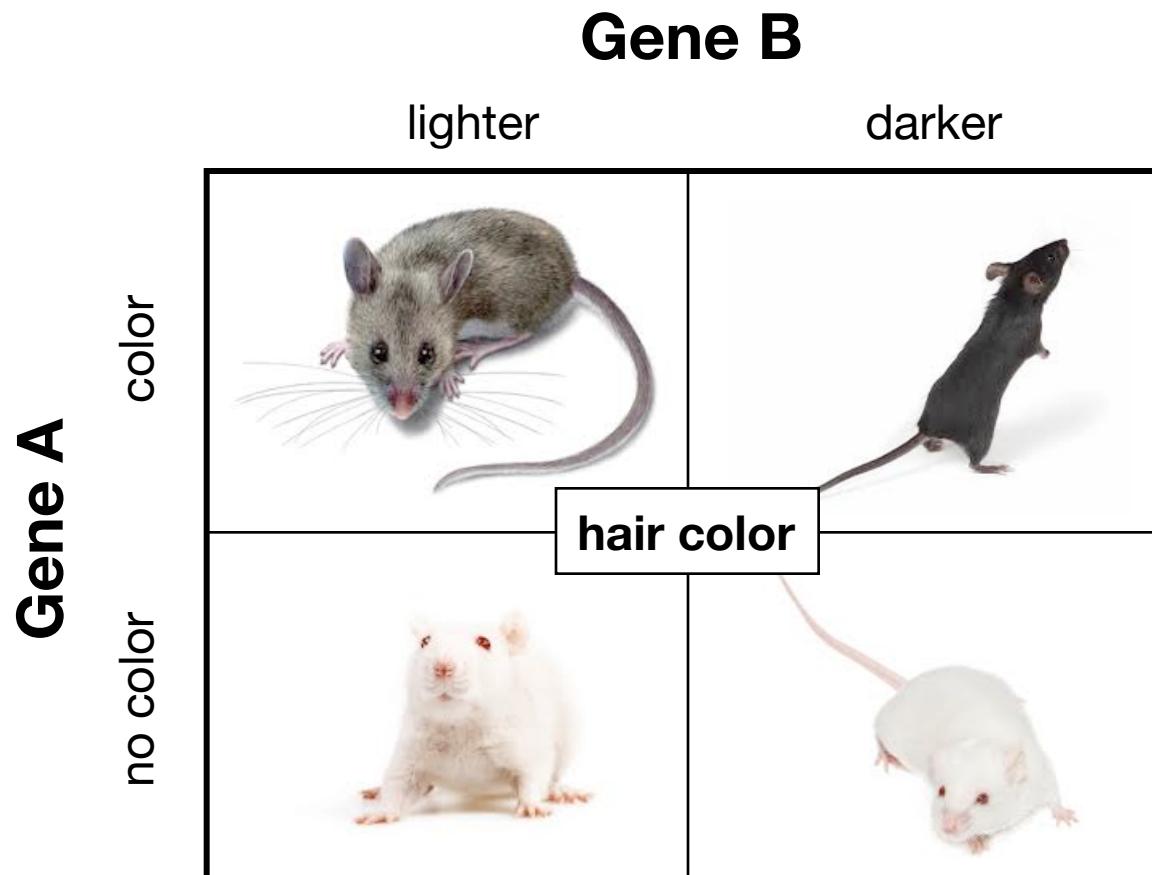
Number of interactions



Functional prediction from large-scale image-based genetic interaction screens

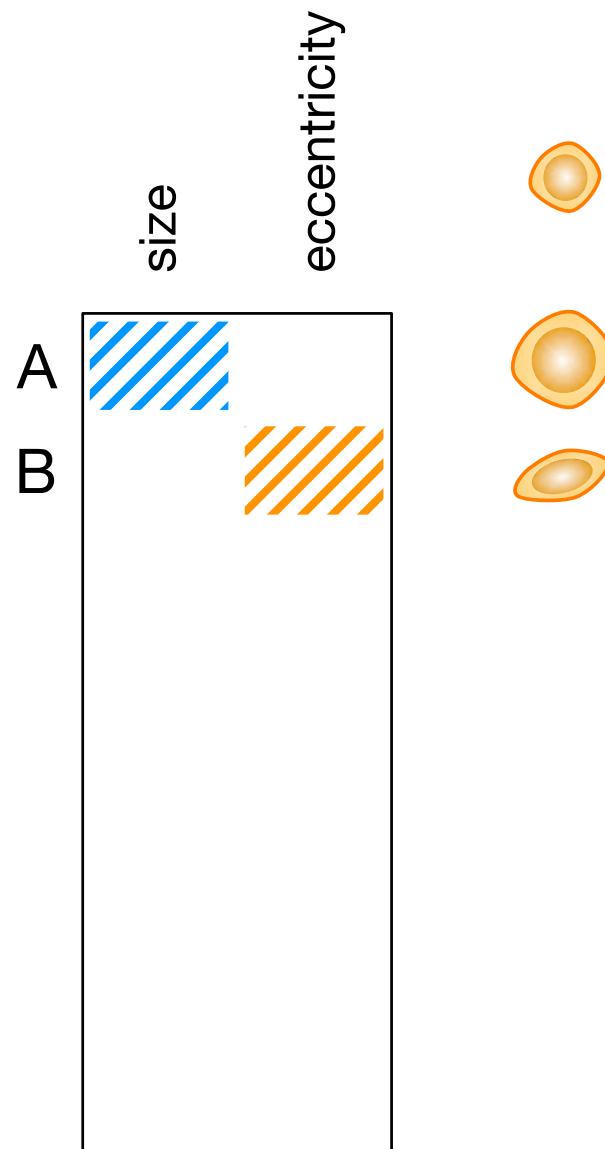


Epistasis

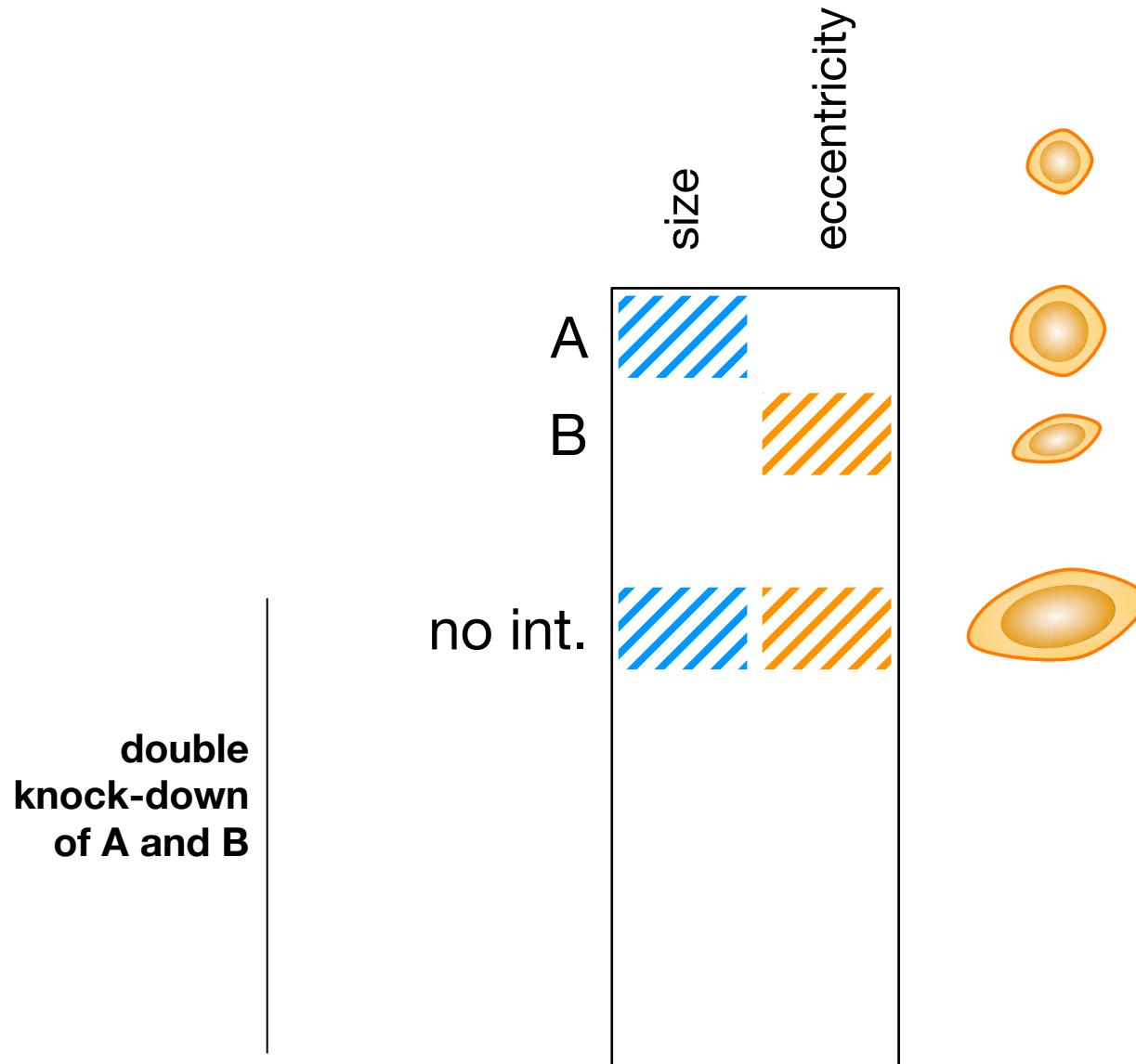


A is epistatic to B

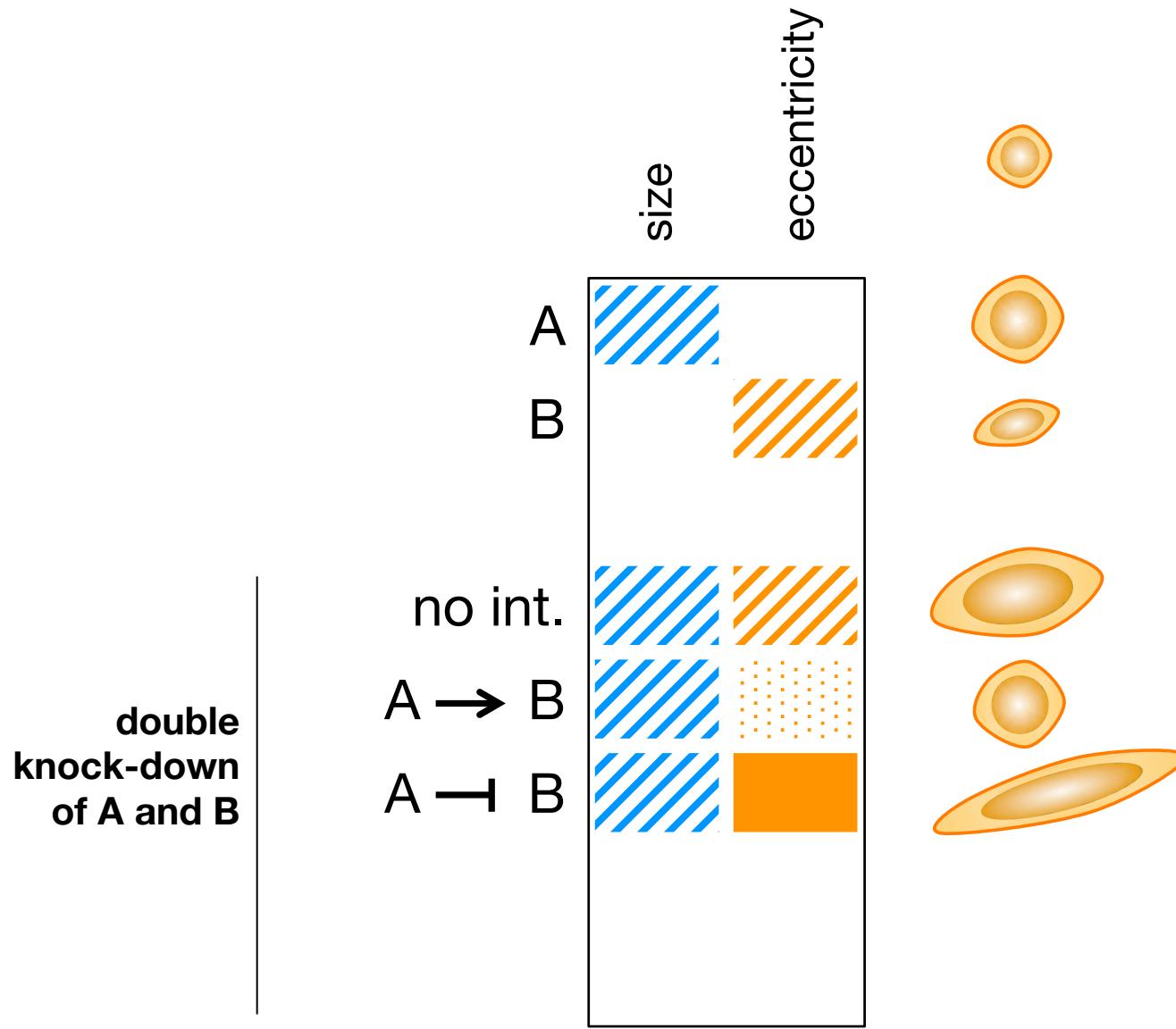
Directional, epistatic interactions



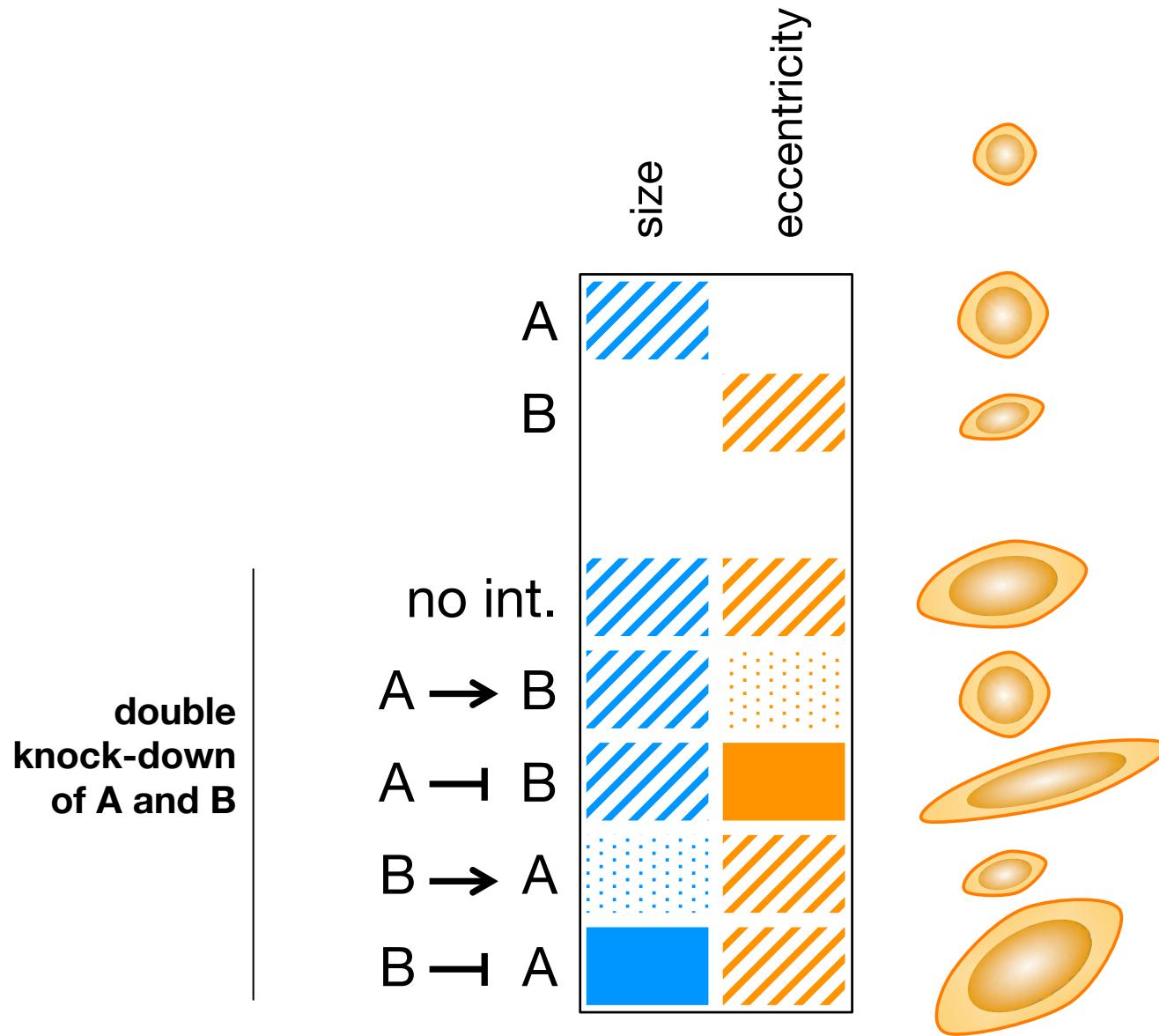
Directional, epistatic interactions



Directional, epistatic interactions



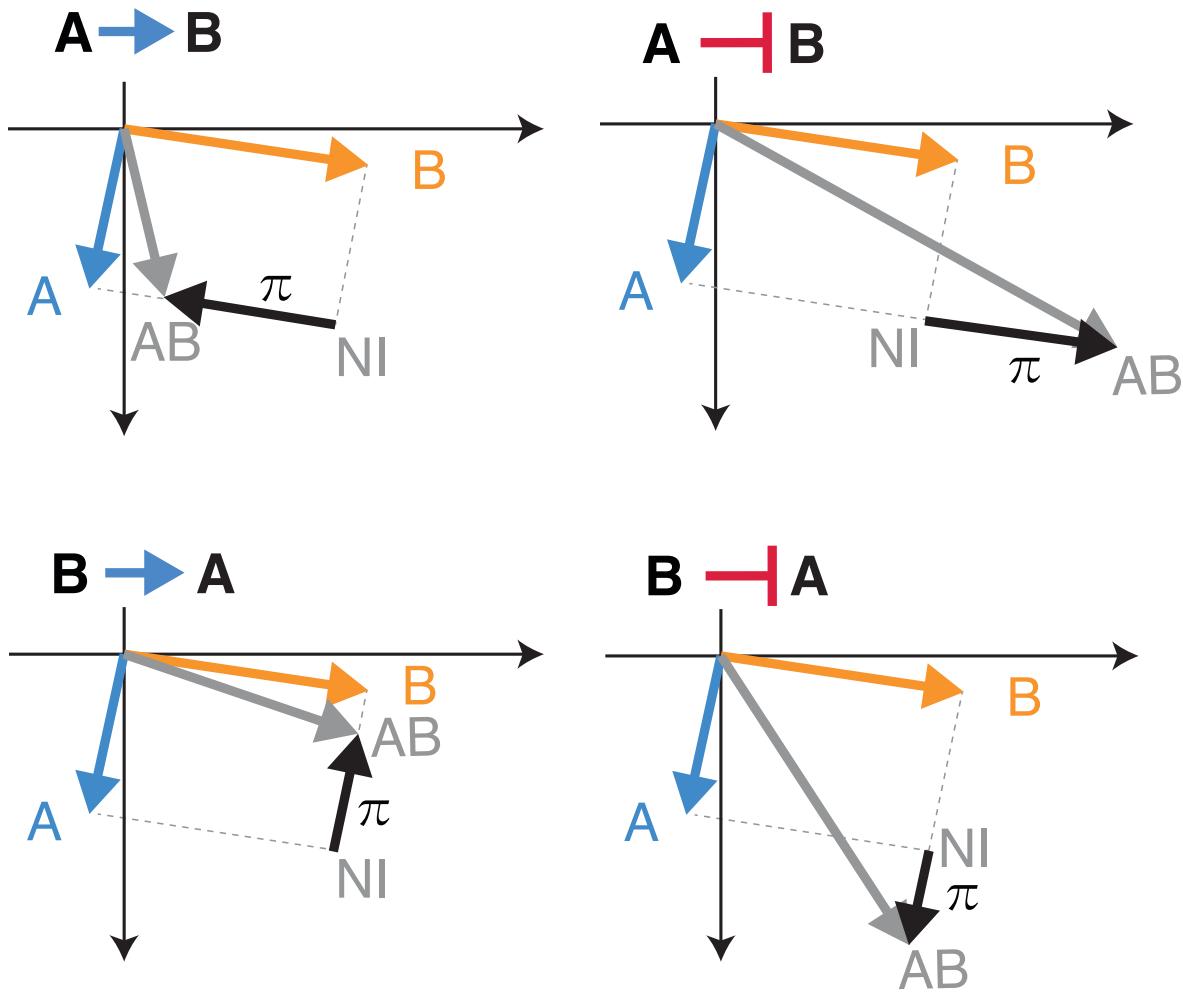
Directional, epistatic interactions



Directional, epistatic interactions

A and B non-interacting
area of nuclei

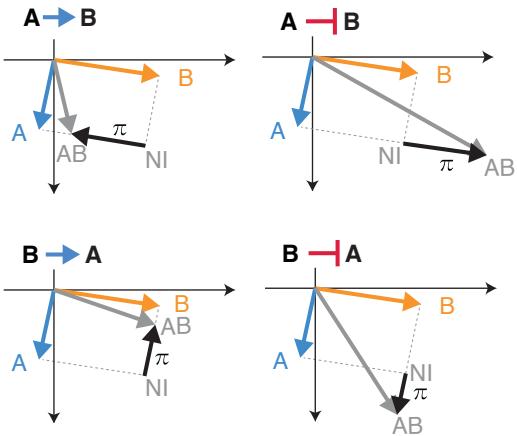
This diagram shows a coordinate system with a vertical axis labeled "cell number" and a horizontal axis labeled "area of nuclei". Two blue arrows point downwards from the origin along the vertical axis, labeled "A" and "B" respectively. A grey arrow points diagonally downwards and to the right, labeled "NI = AB". A dashed line connects the tips of the "A" and "B" arrows to the tip of the "NI" arrow.



Requires multiple phenotypes

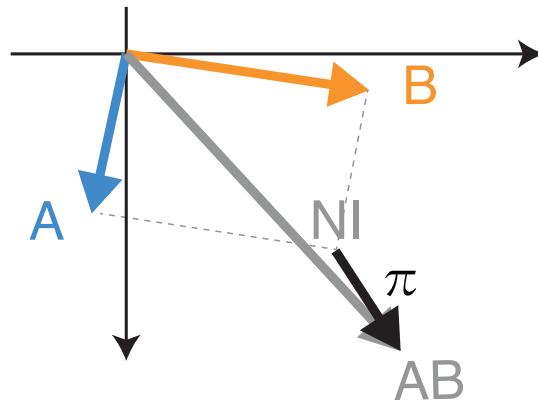
Special cases

Directional interactions



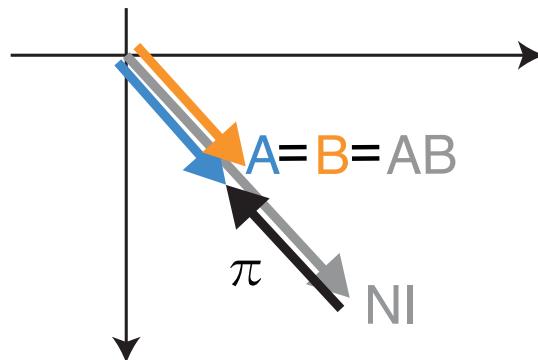
No direction detectable

$A - B$

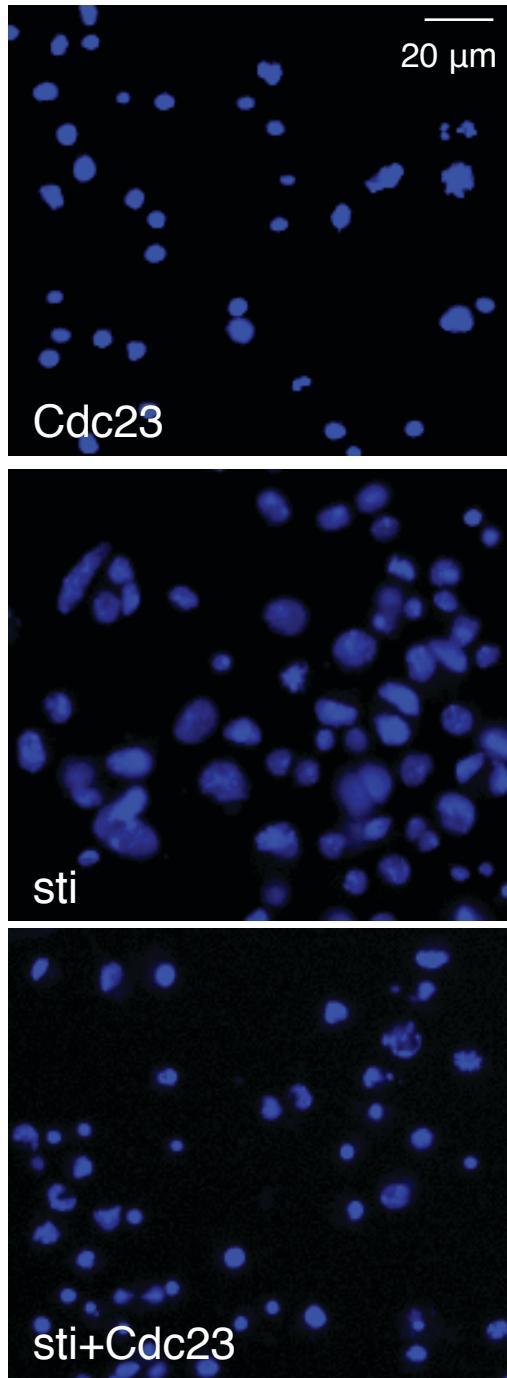


Mixed
Epistasis?

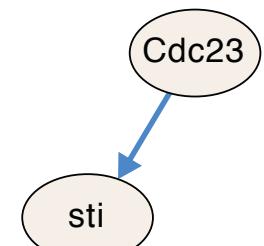
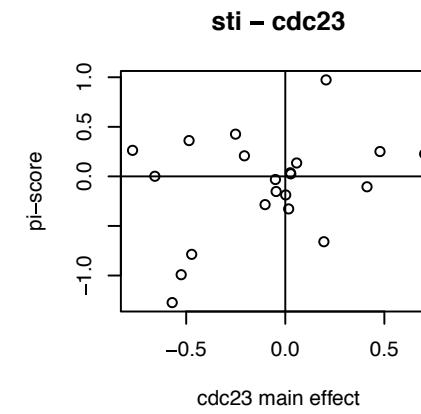
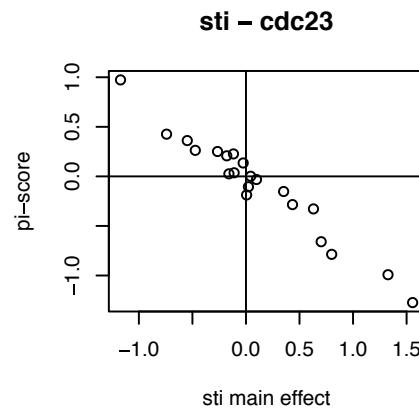
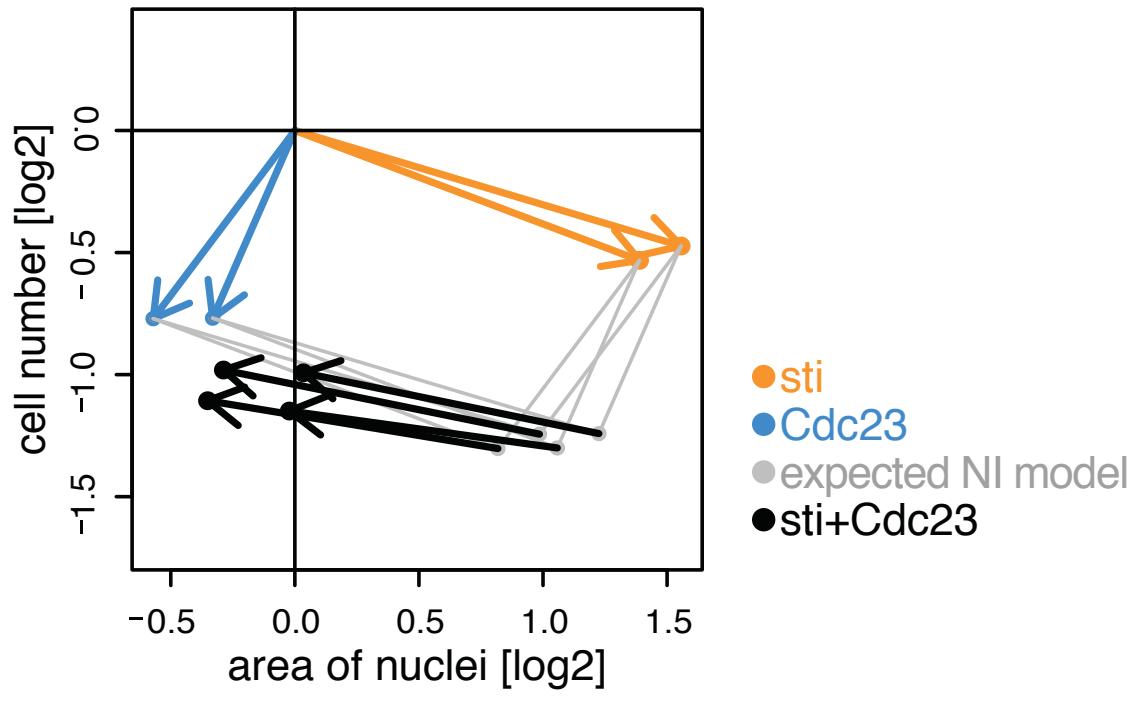
$A - B$



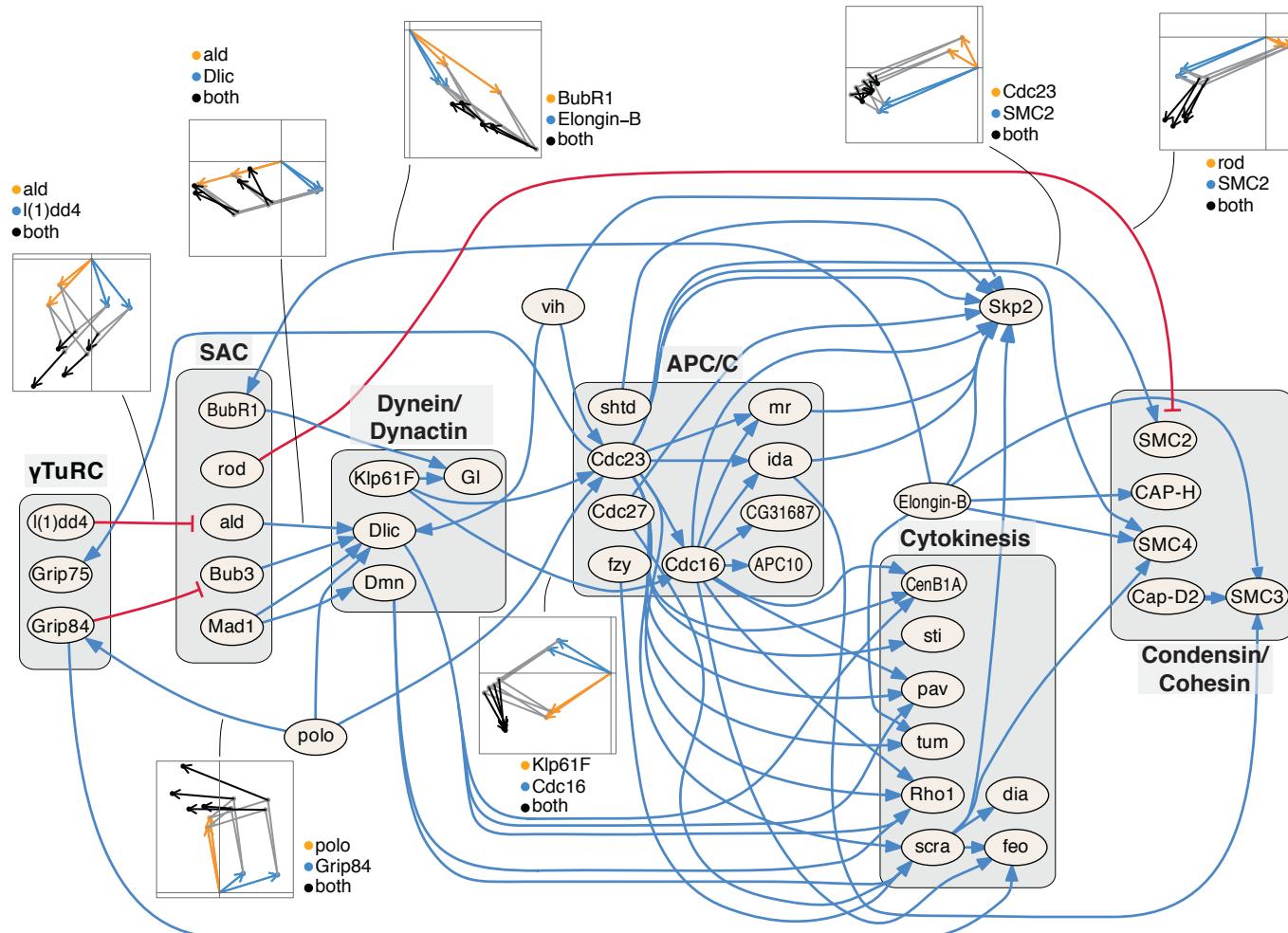
protein
complexes



sti depends on cdc23



Directional interactions in mitosis

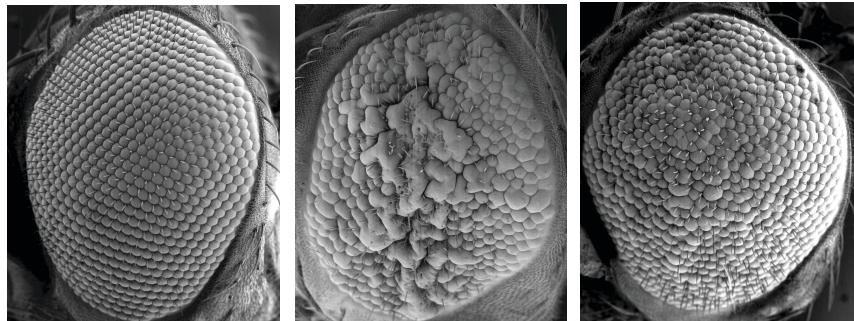
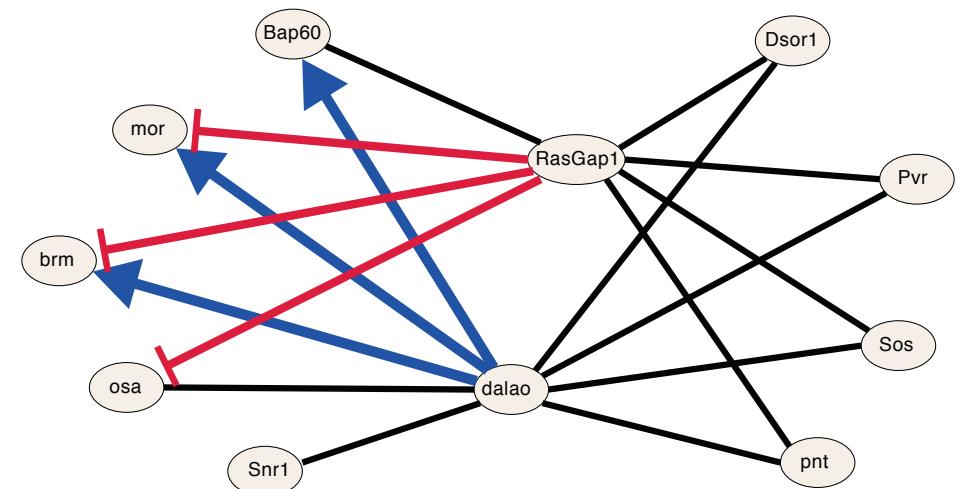


Observed directional interactions

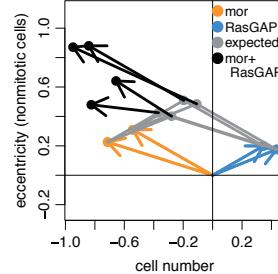
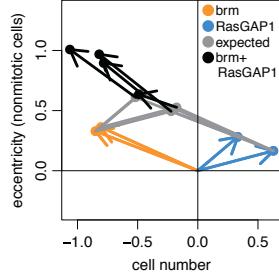
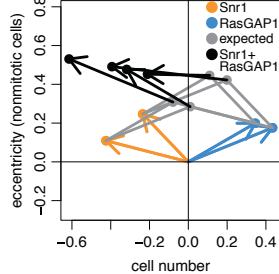
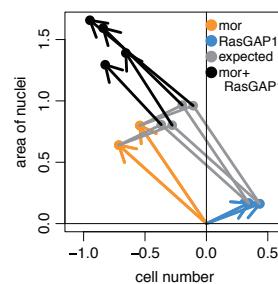
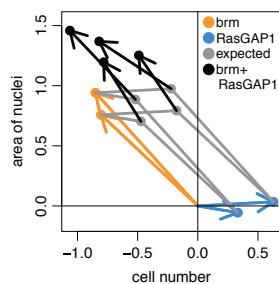
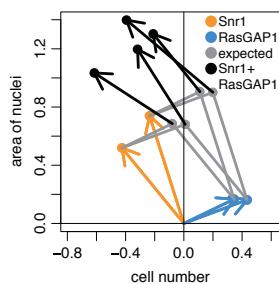
→ activating (alleviating)

→ inhibiting (aggravating)

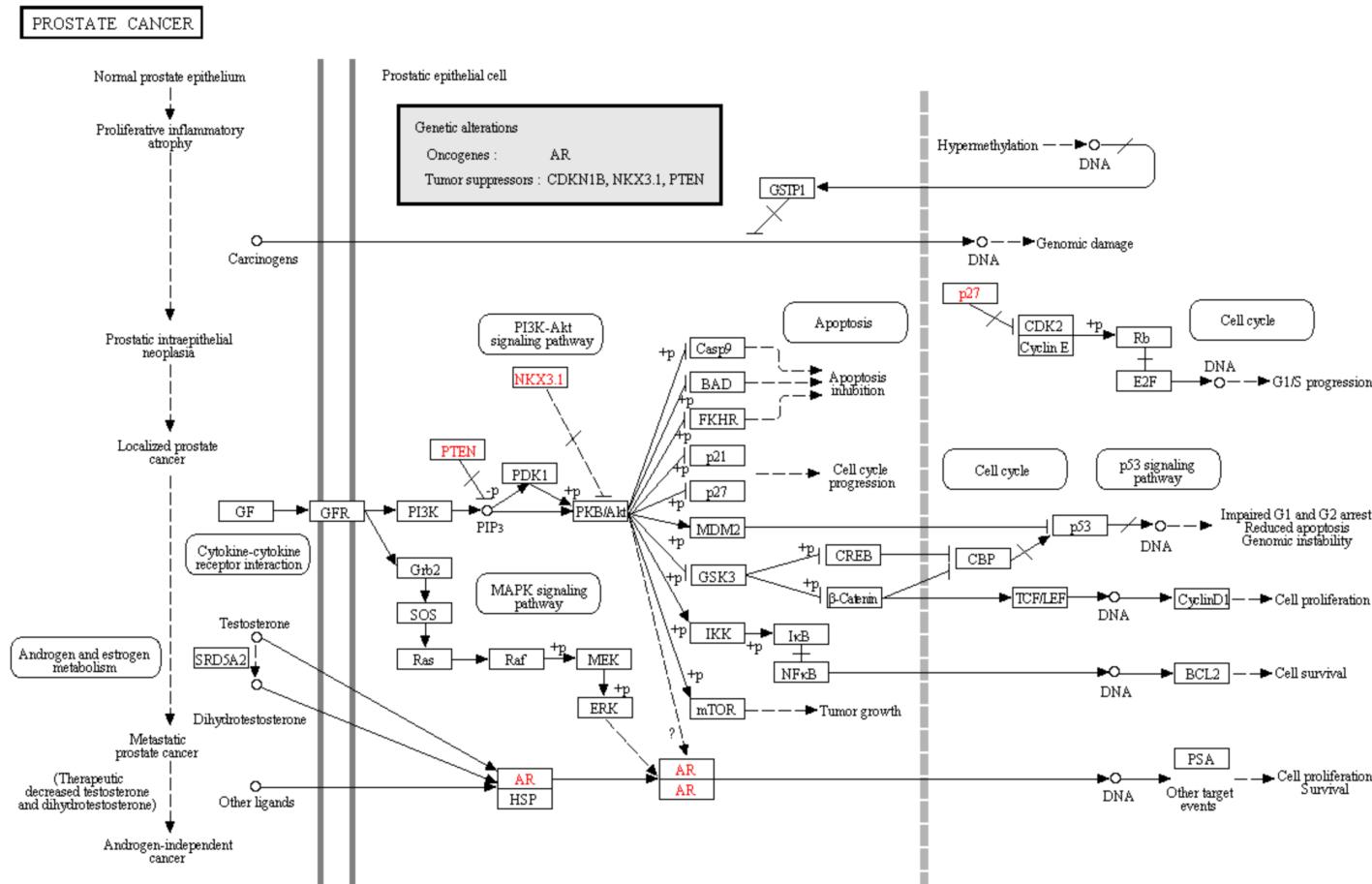
SWI/SNF interacts with Ras signaling



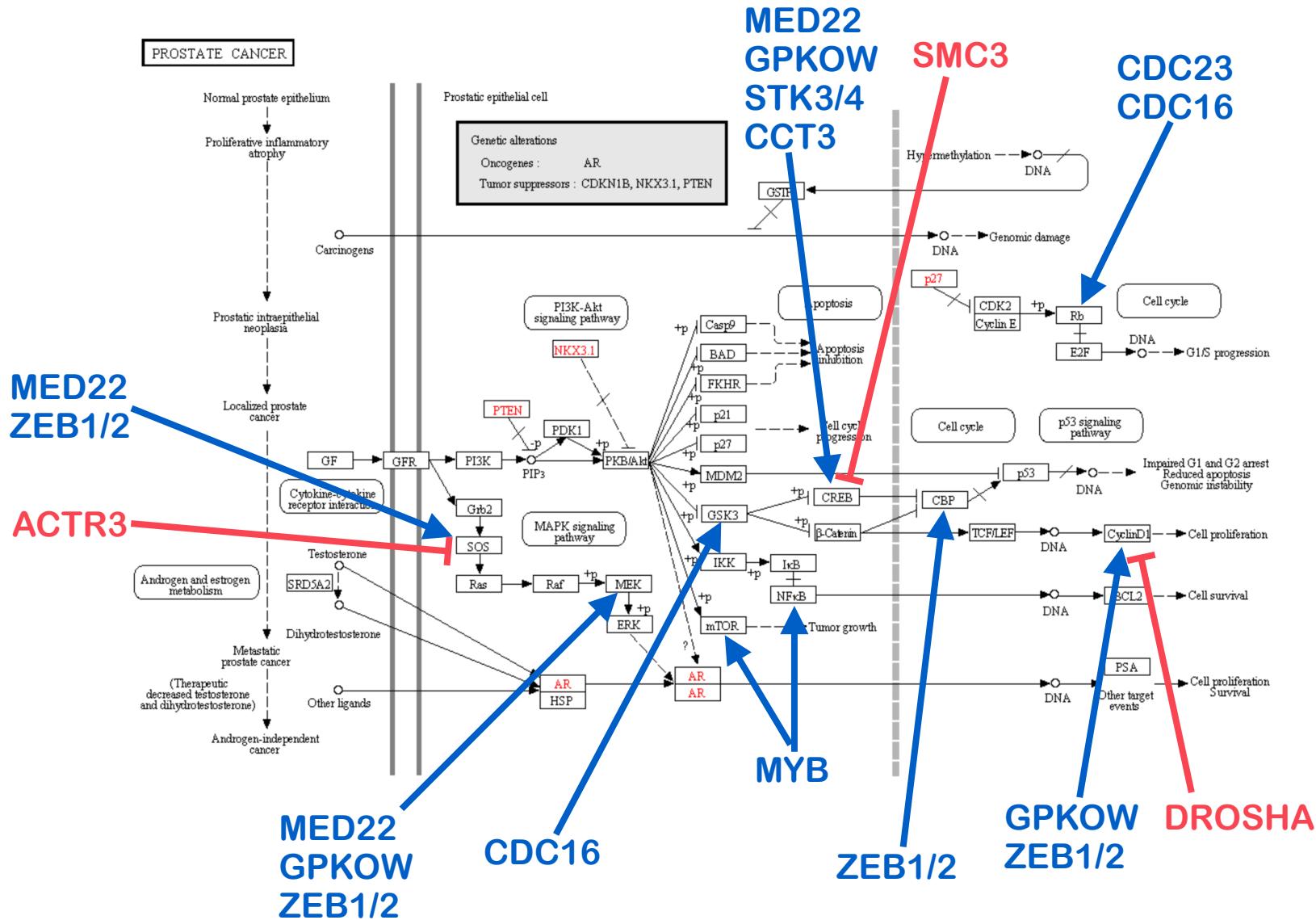
Control
+/+ *sev-Ras^{v12/+}* *sev-Ras^{v12/+}*
osa²



KEGG Prostate Cancer Pathway



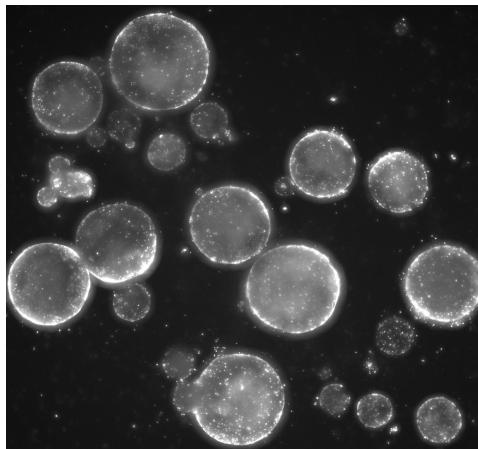
KEGG Prostate Cancer Pathway



Outlook

3D Organoids to model environment

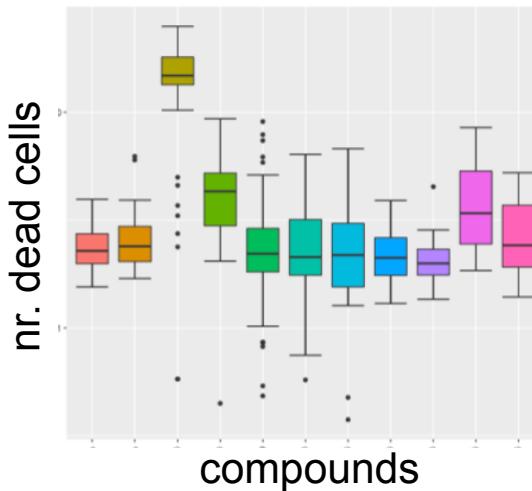
new challenge
in image analysis



Deep learning for
organoid detection
and feature extraction

drug-sensitivity screens with patient cells

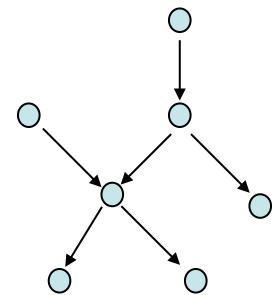
test treatment
outcome in vitro



models to predict
treatment outcome
from genomic data

knockdown screens in drug-resistant cells

new combinatorial
drug treatments



overcome acquired
drug-resistance

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Computational Genome

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Gregoire Pau
Aleksandra Pekowska
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Alejandro Reyes



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