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## Exercises to the classes Numerical Methods in Sciences and Technics

## Exercises no. 10

to 12.01.2004

## The solution of exercise 2 is to submit in the exercise classes on Monday, 12.01.2004 !

Statements given in the lecture can be used in the solution of the exercises without proof. All other statements have to be proved.

1. Show that for each positive definite symmetric matrix  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  holds

$$||e||_1 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j=1}^n (-a_{ij})(e_i - e_j)^2 + \sum_{i=1}^n s_i e_i^2$$

with

$$s_i = \sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij}.$$

2. Consider a finite difference discretisation of the Laplace operator on the unit square such that the nodes are ordered as a two-dimensional array (see the example in Section 1.7.5) and for the inner nodes is

$$a_{ij} = \begin{cases} 8 & \text{if } i = j \\ -1 & \text{if } j \text{ is a neighbour of } i \\ 0 & \text{else.} \end{cases}$$

A node  $v_j$  is a neighbour of  $v_i$  if  $v_j$  is either on top, on the bottom, on the left, on the right of  $v_i$  or it is in one of the four diagonal directions next to  $v_i$ .

Let  $\varepsilon = 0.125$ . Sketch the standard coarsening process on a 5 × 5 patch of nodes. The first C-node is the node in row 2 and in column 2. (Compare for the general approach the example in Section 1.7.5)